

Competition Commission SINGAPORE





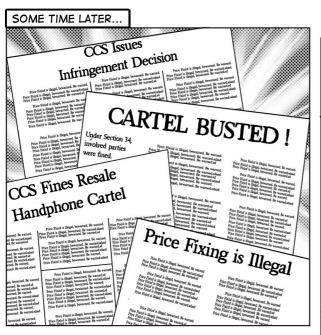












IT WAS NOT ONLY THE CONSUMERS THAT BENEFITTED, RETAILERS COULD REAP THE PROFITS OF THEIR HARD EARNED EFFORT WITHOUT FEAR OF BEING OUTDONE BY A CARTEL.





"Fixed" was intended to help you identify possible cartel activities and show you how to bring them to the attention of the Competition Commission of Singapore (CCS). CCS was set up to administer and enforce the Competition Act and to maintain and promote competitive markets.

What is a cartel?

A cartel is an agreement between producers or suppliers of a good or service to fix prices and/or limit their production. There are 4 main types of cartel conduct:

- (a) Price Fixing
- (b) Bid Rigging
- (c) Market Sharing
- (d) Production Controls

Why are cartels bad?

Cartels prevent competition since there is little or no incentive to lower prices or provide better quality goods or services. For example, economic studies have shown that cartels, on average, overcharge by 30%, thus raising costs. As a result, businesses and consumers are hurt and there is likely to be harm to the Singapore economy as well.

How can CCS help you if you spot a cartel?

Although cartels generally operate in secret, you may be in a position to spot them in your industry. You can alert CCS and CCS will investigate accordingly. CCS has substantial investigation powers which it can exercise.

You may contact CCS at the following:

CCS Hotline 1800 325 8282

Email

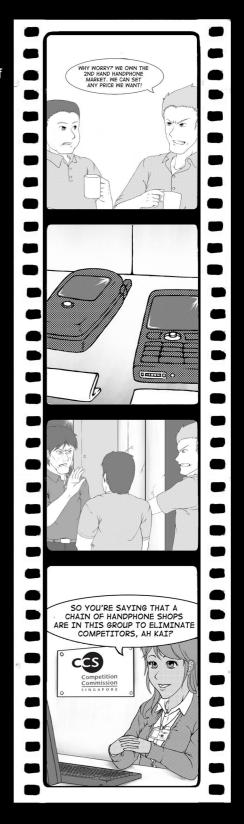
ccs_feedback@ccs.gov.sg (Enquiries/Feedback) ccs_complaints@ccs.gov.sg (Complaint)

How can CCS help if you are part of a cartel?

CCS has a leniency programme to encourage cartel members to come forward to provide information on the cartel.

Under the leniency programme, a cartel member who is the first to come forward and provide evidence of cartel activity before investigations start, will be given full immunity from financial penalty.

More information can be found at www.ccs.gov.sg







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